## EXHIBIT A

1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
	EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
2	ALEXANDRIA DIVISION
3	x SVETLANA LOKHOVA, : Civil Action No.:
4	: 1:20-cv-1603 Plaintiff, :
5	versus : Friday, July 15, 2022
6	STEFAN A. HALPER,
7	: Defendant. :
8	x
9	The above-entitled motion to dismiss was heard before the Honorable Leonie M. Brinkema, United States
10	District Judge. This proceeding commenced at 10:40 a.m.
11	<u>APPEARANCES:</u>
	FOR THE PLAINTIFF: LESLIE MCADOO GORDON, ESQUIRE
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22	COMPUTERIZED TRANSCRIPTION OF STENOGRAPHIC NOTES
	COMPUTERIZED TRANSCRIFTION OF STENOGRAPHIC NOTES
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## 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Civil Action 20-1603, 3 Svetlana Lokhova versus Stefan A. Halper. 4 Would counsel please note their appearances for 5 the record. 6 MS. MCADOO GORDON: Good morning, Your Honor. 7 Leslie McAdoo Gordon on behalf of Ms. Lokhova. 8 THE COURT: Good morning, Ms. Gordon. MR. REED: Good morning, Your Honor. 9 10 Terrance Reed on behalf of the defendant, Stefan Halper. 11 THE COURT: All right. This matter is before the 12 Court on the defendant's motion to dismiss. 13 And, you know, Mr. Reed, I recognize we gave you 14 the opportunity to withdraw your motion to dismiss in light 15 of the filing of the amended complaint, and you chose to proceed, as I recall, with the existent motion to dismiss. 16 17 But I must tell you that I think the amended 18 complaint was a much stronger complaint than the original 19 one. There's new counsel on the case, the case is now being 20 formulated in a more professional manner, and I think that 21 has made a difference in how the Court is approaching this 22 litigation. 2.3 In particular, you know, the revelation that there 2.4 are now a fair number of documentations that do, in fact, 25 link your client to being this source, and more specific

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     information that the description about the meeting in
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     England with Mr. Flynn, that this witness that Mr. Halper
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     was, in fact, not present and therefore may have made clear
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    misstatements to the FBI at the pleading stage would seem to
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    be enough to suggest that there may, in fact, be some
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     falsehoods going on here on your client's behalf.
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               MR. REED: May I respond?
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               THE COURT: Go ahead. Yeah.
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               MR. REED: With all due respect, we agree with the
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     Court that the amended complaint is less --
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               THE COURT: Incendiary?
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               MR. REED: -- incendiary than the original
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     complaint, but it has all the same errors in it.
               With respect to -- specifically our motion asks
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     this Court to dismiss on 12 different grounds. The --
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               THE COURT: That's, by the way, already a sign of
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     a weak motion.
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               Good lawyers -- good lawyering, in my view, hits
     the main points. Many of the arguments you make, like
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     Noerr-Pennington, absolutely not under this case. This is
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    not a Government issue. I mean, no. I think you weaken a
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     client's position when you throw that many issues.
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     suggests you don't have a good strong one.
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               MR. REED: Well, Your Honor --
                           I'm not going to hear argument on 12;
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               THE COURT:
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     all right?
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               MR. REED: I wasn't proposing to argue 12.
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               THE COURT: Okay.
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               MR. REED:
                          I was proposing to argue three.
     they are, on the defamation claim, we have raised the issue
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     of falsity, or, more precisely, lack of falsity, also known
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     as substantial truth. And, here, the evidence is
     unrebutted, quite frankly, that the allegation of the
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     plaintiff, which is that there was this Russian hoax whereby
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     she was somehow ensnared in this Russian hoax and used by
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     Mr. Halper and others, including the FBI, to create a false
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     impression and a justification for toppling President Trump
     through smearing General Flynn.
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               That was the same issue that was raised in the
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     initial case, in Lokhova I. We raised, in response to that,
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     the fact that the three successive presidents have issued
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     national emergencies reinforcing each other that there was,
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     in fact, interference by Russia with the 26 [sic] election.
     Congress has intervened. They enacted CAATSA, the
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     Countering America's Adversaries Act, where they also
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     codified the national emergency --
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               THE COURT: But this case -- wait.
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               If this does go forward, it's not going to go
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     forward on the Russian hoax. It's a much narrower approach.
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     And that is simply you have a woman who claims that she was
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     improperly alleged to have been a Russian spy, and that part
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     of her job was to compromise Flynn. That's it.
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               MR. REED: Yes.
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               THE COURT: The context as to what it has to do
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     with Trump, what it has to do with the Russia hoax is way
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    beyond the scope of this case.
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               Then -- to some degree, that's Lokhova I.
     problem is, this is not Lokhova I; this is Lokhova II. And,
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     in this case, what the plaintiff is claiming is that the
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     letters that were sent to the two publishers included
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     statements that she was a liar when she says that she never
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     had this inappropriate relationship with Flynn, and that
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     your client improperly made that up in order to damage
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     Flynn. As I understand it, that's the essence of this new
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     case. And the problem is, as I looked at -- I'm not sure if
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     I brought them with me or not, but the letters that you
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     sent, although they -- yes, I do have them.
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               You do have -- if you had maybe written the
     letters differently, you might not be here. But you mention
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     her name multiple times in the letters to the publishers.
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     You don't just say to the publishers, you're about to
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    publish a book, and the book has these statements about my
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     client, and these statements are false. I think if that's
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    how those statements were written, I'm not at all sure the
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    plaintiff could survive. But the problem is, you keep
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     saying "Ms. Lokhova's book." And then a couple of times you
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     say that Lokhova -- "the false statements" -- I'm looking at
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    page 3 of the letter to Simon & Schuster.
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               But on page 3 you say: "The false statements of
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    Ms. Lokhova have been used to foment hatred and threats
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     against the professor and his family, including death
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     threats." And then it goes on to say: "Simon & Schuster's
     distribution, publication and republication of such
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     inciteful false statements by Ms. Lokhova pose a direct
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     threat to the safety."
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               So, I mean, at least in those two sentences,
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     you're saying that she's making false statements. And
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     you're also --
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               MR. REED: She's making --
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               THE COURT: Yeah.
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               MR. REED: -- false statements about Mr. Halper.
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               THE COURT: Right.
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               MR. REED: The focus of those comments and the
     dispute is the marketing material that was being published
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     by those recipients which falsely accused Mr. Halper of
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    being the fabricator of the Russian hoax, of being the -- a
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     Government contract defrauder, of leaking classified
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     information. Those are crimes. And Mr. Halper has a right
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     to defend himself against false allegations like that. And
     so those -- those are, indeed, false allegations. So I'm
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     not sure I understand how those can turn into a denial of --
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               THE COURT: Well, it's one thing to deny an
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     allegation; it's another thing to call somebody a liar.
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               MR. REED: Well, actually, in the privilege of
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     self-defense, you are entitled to call someone a liar who
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     accuses you of something.
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               THE COURT: That is true.
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               MR. REED: Okay.
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               THE COURT: But part of a privilege defense does
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     require, in my view, unfortunately, factual development.
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               In other words, we're at the motion to dismiss
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     stage; we're not at the -- summary judgment is a completely
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     different standard. With summary judgment, the Court then
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     has a factually-developed record. And it may very well be
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     that when those facts are developed, your use of the
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    privilege may absolutely work.
               I do think it's an interesting argument that the
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    plaintiff makes, that after Ms. Lokhova went ahead and
    published this book -- because the book was eventually
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    published, she self-published it.
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               MR. REED: Self-published, yes.
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               THE COURT: -- there was no action to have it --
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    no defamation action or libel action filed against her for
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    publishing the book.
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               MR. REED: But she was being --
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               THE COURT: Which is strange.
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               MR. REED: Mr. Halper was being sued.
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               THE COURT: Well, there's such a thing as
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     countersuing. There are counterclaims.
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               MR. REED: I understand that.
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               THE COURT: All right. So I'm just -- all I'm
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     saying is we are at the very early stages of this case.
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               My biggest concern about this case is making sure
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     that it remains focused and that the discovery is not a
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     ridiculously broad discovery. I'm not going to permit that.
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     But I am going to allow the case to go forward, because I am
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     satisfied, at the pleading stage -- and, as you know, the
     Fourth Circuit has said at the pleading stage you have to
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     accept the representations that are in the complaint as
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     true. It doesn't mean that they are true, but you have to
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     accept them.
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               MR. REED: So accepting the allegations of the
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     amended complaint, as well as the original, that the
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     statements made in the marketing material that is at the
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     core of this dispute, are the opinions of Ms. Lokhova.
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    Mr. Halper's opinion -- because they're opinions, that means
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     they can't be true or they can't be false as a matter of
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     law; correct?
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               So, here, Mr. Halper's opinions about her opinions
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     are still opinions. And so him saying your opinions are
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false cannot be defamatory because opinions, by definition
under the defamation law, are things that cannot be proven
true or false largely because they depend on the subjective
view of the parties.
          If I were to say Trump was a bad president, that
would be an opinion. Why? Because you can't prove it one
way or the other. It's simply a reflection of my subjective
belief. That's why the First Amendment to promote opinions
says you cannot bring a defamation action which is
predicated on an opinion. And, here, they've admitted in
the amendment complaint, as well as the original complaint,
that the statements at issue, the statements that they are
suing over, are opinions.
         And, again, Mr. Halper's opinions about opinions
are, by definition, still opinions. And, therefore, the
defamation claim cannot lie based on the language of the
complaint.
          THE COURT: All right. Ms. Gordon, do you want to
respond to that?
          MS. MCADOO GORDON: Thank you, Your Honor.
          The difficulty here is that the defendant is
misconstruing the claims at issue. As Your Honor has
correctly said, this is not Lokhova I; this is Lokhova II.
We are not suing Mr. Halper for the things he said to the
    We are suing Mr. Halper for the things that he said to
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     the publishers through Mr. Reed's letter.
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               Mr. Reed's letter says that Ms. Lokhova's
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    marketing materials are false. He, himself, has just
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     admitted that that claim, his claim that the marketing
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    materials were false and defamatory, is incorrect.
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               The simplest way to understand the claim here is I
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     am saying the claim of defamation in the letters to the
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     publishers is defamatory, and they knew it was defamatory.
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     Mr. Reed certainly knows it's defamatory. He's just told
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     Your Honor that I've admitted that the statements in the
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     marketing materials are opinion. If he knew they were
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     opinion also, then how can he claim in the letter to the
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     publishers that they're defamatory? If they're opinions,
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     they're not defamatory. They may be false, but not
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     defamatory.
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               Most of the statements that Mr. Halper is
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     complaining about through Mr. Reed's letter are also
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     opinions. They are true, they are not -- they don't bring
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     the person into disrepute. They haven't even been published
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     yet. It's clear from the letter, they know that the claim
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     that she's defaming him is false. Because they're not
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     actually making a defamation claim through those letters;
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     they're actually trying to interfere wrongfully with her
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     contract.
               Mr. Halper doesn't care whether the statements in
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the marketing materials or the book are true or not.
just doesn't want articles and books published about him for
his own reasons. He's entitled to think that, but he's not
entitled to falsely claim defamation.
          If he thought the marketing materials and the book
were defamatory, actually defamatory of him, he could have
sued her for defamation. But he's never done so, and he's
never going to do so. Because, as far as I can tell,
Mr. Halper, although he threatens a lot of people with
defamation, has never sued anyone for any purpose for
defamation. The claim here is that they knew the statements
in the marketing materials were not defamatory. I'll give
Your Honor an example.
          One of the things they object to is calling
Mr. Halper a spy. Now, we can debate whether or not
Mr. Halper is or is not a spy, but that might turn out to be
a matter of opinion. If it's a matter of opinion, then how
is Mr. Reed telling the publishers that it defames
Mr. Halper? And to call Mr. Halper a spy for our country,
for our nation, is certainly not defamatory. It certainly
doesn't bring him into disrepute. James Bond is the hero of
the story; not the villan.
          If he were accusing Ms. Lokhova of being a Russian
spy, which he has, that would be defamatory. That's why she
sued him in the first place. Unfortunately her prior
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counsel waited too long to bring those suits. But the claim
that a British or an American academic is a Russian spy is
defamatory; the claim that a British or an American academic
is a counterspy for us, is not.
          Mr. Reed and Mr. Halper certainly must have known
when they sent this letter that the things that they're
claiming are defaming him are not defaming him. He just
doesn't want the book published no matter what. And if he
can intimidate people into not publishing, then he'll do it.
But if they stand their ground and actually publish, then he
doesn't actually follow through on the defamation suit,
which is how we know it's a sham, it's false, it's fake.
There is no defamation except by Mr. Halper.
          THE COURT: All right. I'm denying the motion to
          I'm going to direct that an answer be filed within
dismiss.
14 days.
          We're going to issue a scheduling order.
          But I'm putting both counsel on notice, because I
recognize that -- frankly, the animosity between the
parties, that I expect this case to be properly litigated by
counsel, that I want the rhetoric kept cool, both in terms
of the pleadings, the written pleadings, and oral argument.
I don't want to see ad hominems, and I am going to make sure
that -- we're going to have to reassign the magistrate judge
because Judge Buchanan is about to retire. So there will be
a new magistrate judge appearing on the case. Don't be
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surprised about that. That's the reason why that's going to
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    happen.
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               But hopefully you can perhaps even work this
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    matter out. We're always in favor of parties trying to work
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     things out. There is a good mediation program here at the
     courthouse. Whoever the magistrate judge is who will be
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     reassigned to the case will be the first person you would go
     to if you want the Court assistance with settlement. In
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     lieu of that, there are private mediators out there as well.
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               If you don't settle, then we'll start the
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     discovery, it will start very soon, and we will see you in a
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     few months then for further motions. But that's the Court's
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     ruling.
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               All right. We'll recess court for the day.
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                (Proceedings adjourned at 10:57 a.m.)
16
17
     I certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate
18
     transcription of my stenographic notes.
19
                                  Stephanie Austin
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                               Stephanie M. Austin, RPR, CRR
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